

## WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT

## AND RESEARCH NOTES

No.			DATE
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1007			1/6/11
	TITLE:	2010 Biological Deer Check Stations	

**Abstract:** During the 2010 deer-hunting season, division personnel examined 4,187 deer to assess sex and age-structure. Yearling deer represented 40% of the adult male harvest, up 4 percentage points from 2009, and 32% of the adult female harvest, down 2 percentage points from 2009. The percentage of 1.5 year old males in the adult male harvest has been at 40% or less for the last 3 years, while the female harvest composition has remained relatively similar for the past two years.

During the 2010 opening weekend of the deer firearm season, Division personnel aged and sexed 4,187 deer at 33 privately operated check stations and 12 Fish and Wildlife Areas statewide. Yearlings (1.5 years) accounted for 31.5% of aged deer and 2.5 year olds accounted for 32.3% (Table 1). Yearling deer represented 40% of the adult male harvest, reversing its downward trend since 2004 (Table 2). Female yearlings comprised 32% of the adult female harvest, which was a decrease of 2 percentage points from 2009 (Table 2). The proportion of 2.5 year-old males in the adult decreased 2 percentage points from 2009, while the corresponding female statistic increased 3 percentage points over last year. Among adult males in the sample, 22% were estimated to be  $\geq$ 3.5 years old, down 2 percentage points from 2009 and the second highest statistic recorded for that category in recent years.

The proportion of 1.5 year old males in the harvest has decreased substantially since 1999 (Figure 1). During this same time frame, the number of yearling females in the harvest has been relatively stable. It is unknown whether this is a result of the implementation of the One Buck Rule in 2002.

The proportion of 1.5 year-old males in the adult male harvest can provide insight into and a measure of the effects of past antlerless harvests on current herd recruitment. This value, as a measure of a change in demographics, can also give indications of large increases in harvest pressure in a given area. Table 3 shows the average age of adult males and females harvested during the opening weekend of firearms season between 1993-2010. The average age of harvested females experiences moderate annual changes, but stays relatively stable throughout time.



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Table 1. Number of deer aged by Division personnel during opening weekend of the 2010 firearms season.

	0.5	1.5	2.5	3.5+	Total
Female	322	289	373	245	1,229
Male	365	1,031	979	577	2,952
Total	687	1,320	1,352	822	4,181

Table 2. Age structure of adult deer examined during opening weekend during the 2001-2010 firearms season. (Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding)

	% of Adult Harvest in Age Class			
Sex	Year	1.5	2.5	3.5+
Female	2001	40	35	24
	2002	40	35	25
	2003	40	36	23
	2004	37	36	28
	2005	42	33	25
	2006	38	39	23
	2007	38	38	24
	2008	38	35	27
	2009	34	38	28
	2010	32	41	26
Mala	2001	5.6	21	1.4
Male	2001	56	31	14
	2002	53	33	14
	2003	54	30	16
	2004	50	35	15
	2005	50	35	16
	2006	46	38	16
	2007	44	39	17
	2008	40	40	20
	2009	36	40	24
	2010	40	38	22

Table 3. Average age of adult harvested deer during the first weekend of firearms season (93-10).

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		Adult Female
1993	2.05	2.62
1994	1.98	2.55
1995	1.99	2.59
1996	1.99	2.43
1997	2.09	2.59
1998	2.02	2.60
1999	2.01	2.53
2000	2.01	2.53
2001	2.10	2.48
2002	2.13	2.50
2003	2.14	2.46
2004	2.17	2.57
2005	2.19	2.47
2006	2.23	2.49
2007	2.26	2.53
2008	2.36	2.58
2009	2.44	2.67
2010	2.38	2.64

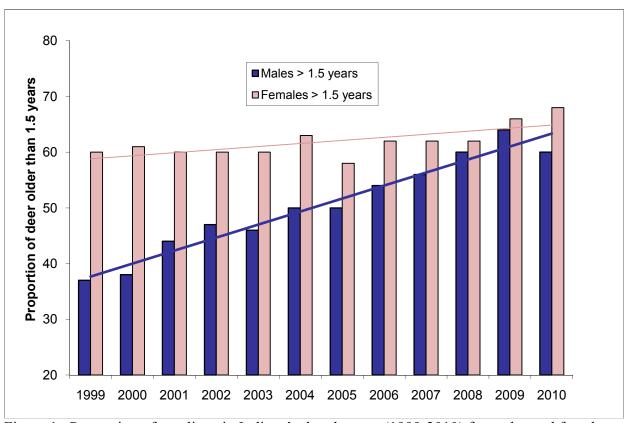


Figure 1. Proportion of yearlings in Indiana's deer harvest (1999-2010) for males and females with corresponding linear trendlines.